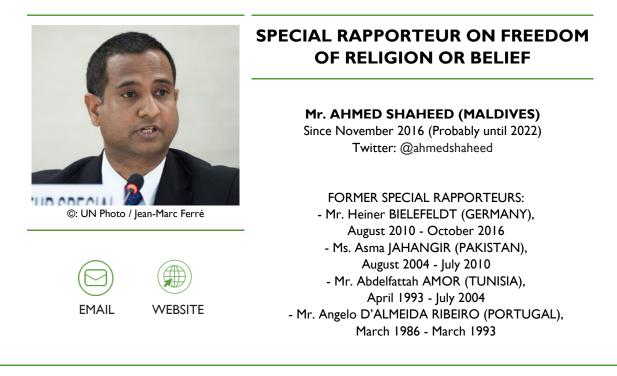
# #16 – UN SPECIAL PROCEDURES & LGBTI ISSUES



The International Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Trans and Intersex Association – ILGA World and the International Service for Human Rights (ISHR) have compiled a series of factsheets highlighting the work that UN special procedures – independent human rights experts, appointed to monitor and report on human rights violations – have undertaken to defend the human rights of lesbian, gay, bisexual, trans and intersex (LGBTI) persons. The factsheets compile the references and recommendations made by these experts to LGBTI persons, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, and sex characteristics (SOGIESC). They cover all thematic reports, country visit reports, and communications published between January 2011 and November 2019.



WORK SUMMARY

### **COUNTRIES VISITED**

#### **ADDRESSES SOGIESC ISSUES:**

- Tunisia (April 2018) Report, paras. 72, 73, 89b
- Uzbekistan (October 2017) Report, para. 91.
- **Albania –** (May 2017) Report, paras. 69, 71,72, 73, 76b.
- **Denmark –** (March 2016) Report, paras. 3, 48, 57, 58, 59, 60.
- Bangladesh (September 2015) Report, paras. 92, 93, 94, 95.
  - Lebanon (March-April 2015) Report, para. 62.
  - Moldova (September 2011) Report, para. 48.
  - Paraguay (March 2011) Report, paras. 21, 22, 42, 43.

#### DOES NOT ADDRESS SOGIESC ISSUES:

- Viet Nam (July 2014)
- Jordan (September 2013)
  - 6) Cyprus (March

- Kazakhstan (March-April 2014)
- Sierra Leone (June-July 2013)
- Cyprus (March-April 2012)

#### ANNUAL THEMATIC REPORTS

Brief reference to LGBTI. Para. 39
Brief reference to SO. Para. 26.
Brief reference to SOGI and LGBT. Para. 37.
Good references to LGBTI, SOGI (restrictions to LGBTI rights on religious grounds, invoking "religious liberty" to justify discrimination, risk for secular governance models to intervene in manifestation of religion alleging attempt to protect other rights, such as SOGI-based rights) Paras. 38, 39, 40, 47, 77.
Good references to LGBTI, homosexuality, "sexual or gender identity" (Religious intolerance by non-State actors: "structural violence" and vigilante mobs attacking in the name of religion in cases involving homosexuality, LGBTI targeted by religious extremist or terrorist groups, violations carried out by family members, and by business entities). Paras. 33, 34, 36, 37, 46, 74.
Brief references to LGBTI. Paras. 31, 45, 47.
Brief references to LGBTI and SOGI. Paras. 7, 64.
No SOGIESC references.
No SOGIESC references.

Preventing violence committed in the name of religion March 2015 (28th session HRC) Good references to LGBT, SOGI, homosexuality, crossdressing (homophobic and transphobic violence perpetrated in the name of religion, hostile public statements, using school textbooks without stereotypes and prejudices towards LGBT, patriarchal interpretation of religions). Paras. 11, 34, 42, 67.

Tackling religious intolerance and discrimination in the workplace August 2014 (69th Session GA)	No SOGIESC references.
Tackling manifestations of collective religious hatred March 2014 (25th Session HRC)	No SOGIESC references.
Freedom of religion or belief and equality between men and women August 2013 (68th Session GA)	Brief reference to LGBTI. Para. 35 (footnote 6).
Freedom of religion or belief of persons belonging to religious minorities March 2013 (22nd Session HRC)	No SOGIESC references.
<b>Right of conversion as part of freedom of religion</b> or belief August 2012 (67th Session GA)	No SOGIESC references.
Freedom of religion or belief and recognition issues March 2012 (19th Session HRC)	No SOGIESC references.
Role of the State in promoting interreligious communication July 2011 (66th Session GA)	No SOGIESC references.
Freedom of religion or belief and school education March 2011 (16th Session HRC)	No SOGIESC references.

## COMMUNICATIONS

COUNTRY/DATE	EXPERTS	SITUATION
<b>Brunei</b> Darussalam 01 April 2019	Executions Religion or belief SOGI Torture Violence against women Women in law and in practice	Information received concerning the criminalisation of adultery and consensual same sex relations and the imposition of cruel, inhuman and degrading punishments for such acts, including stoning, whipping and amputation.
<b>Iran</b> 28 June 2013	Extrajudicial executions Freedom of religion Iran Torture Violence against women Women in law and in practice	The revised Islamic Penal Code: death penalty for some non-violent acts, including "for sodomy for the non-Muslim party in same-sex relations."